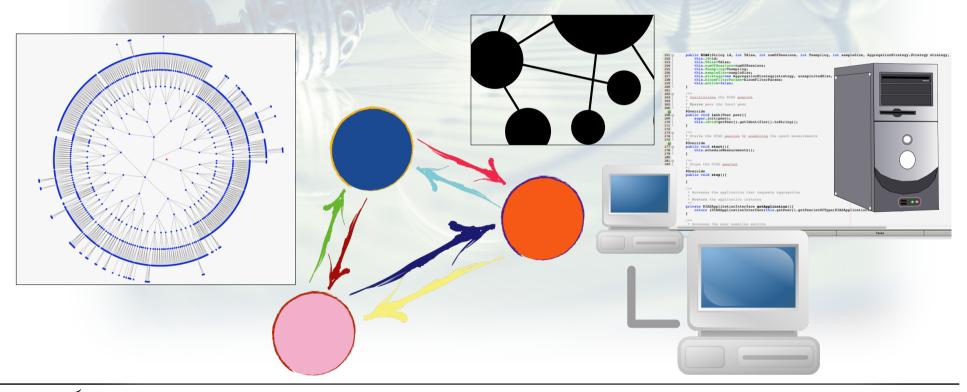




Research Scope

2,102,400

Large-scale, decentralized, networked computing systems





Decentralized Computing Systems



Scalability
Fault-tolerance
Performance
Lower economic cost
Openness
Privacy preservance

File sharing

Multimedia multicasting

Sensor networks

Social networks

Distributed databases

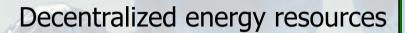
Recommender systems

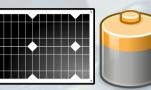


Smart Power Grid

Infrastructural costs

ICT vs power control systems



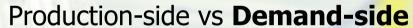






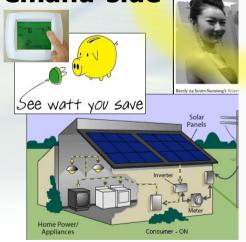
Decentralized Markets

Prosumers, real-time participation









Renewables, micro-generation and storage, electrical vehicles





Research Question

Can large-scale decentralized networked systems be designed to provide modular and reconfigurable overlay services,

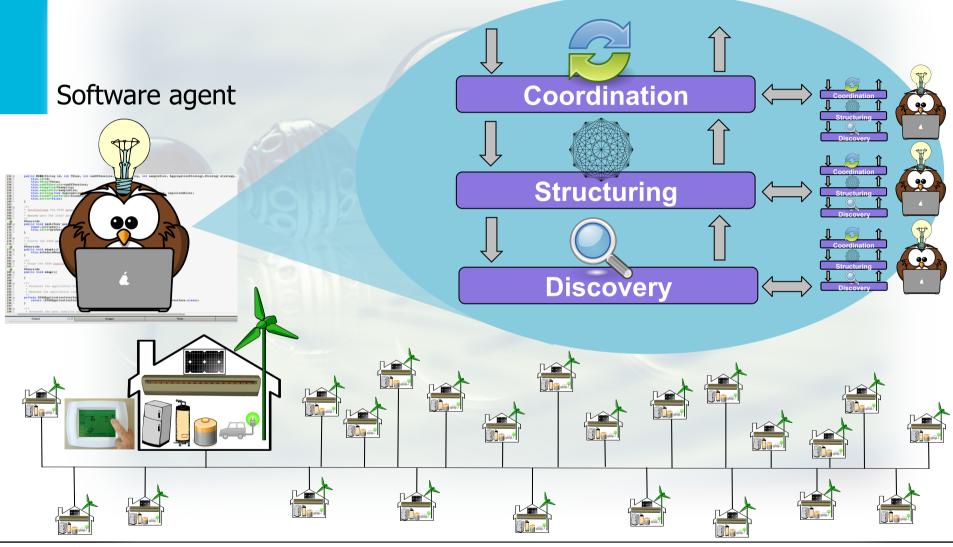
e.g. in demand-side energy management

Minimizing/reversing power peaks

Increasing/decreasing demand



Architectural Approach



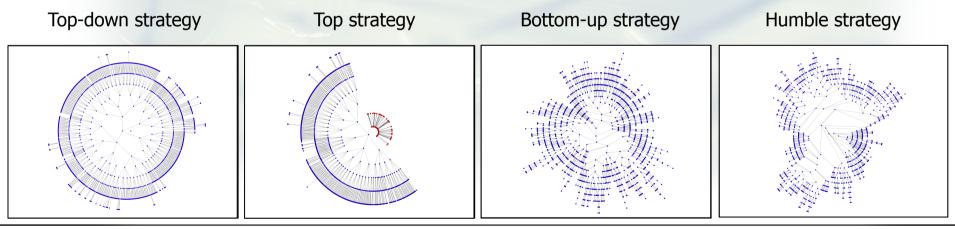


1. Stabilization of Energy Consumption

Minimizing & reversing power peaks

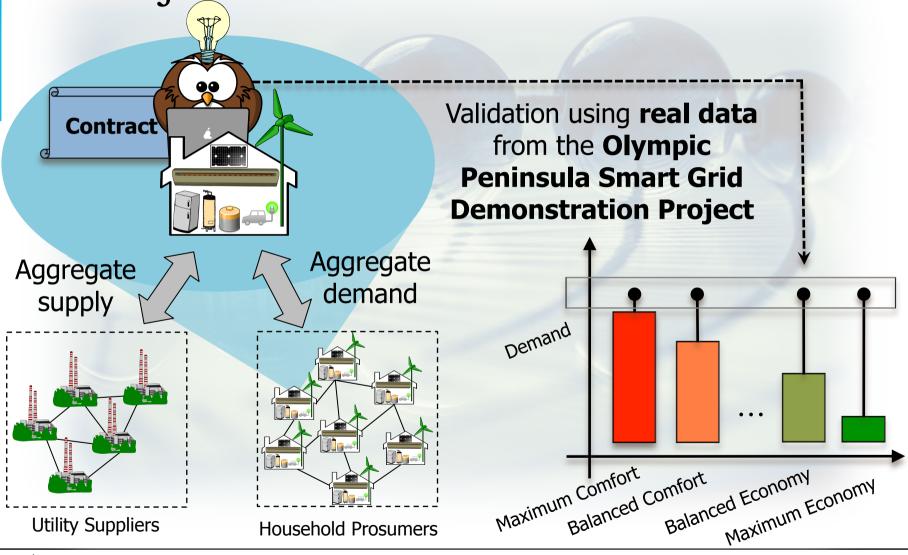
Agents generate, combine, select & execute energy consumption plans

Communication & **decision-making** over **self-organizing** tree topologies





2. Adjustment of Power Demand





Conclusions

Large-scale decentralized computing systems in Smart Power Grids

Modular and reconfigurable overlay services

Self-stabilization & **self-adjustment** of energy consumption

Black-out prevention, lower costs, cleaner energy resources

Foundations towards sustainable development and a resource-based economy in future societies





